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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
6	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
7	STEPHANIE NICOLE GONZALEZ-COLON, Case No. 2:25-cv-04414-MEMF-E					
8	Plaintiff(s),		ORDER SETTING SCHEDULING CONFERENCE			
9	v.					
10	FRASCO, INC., et al.	Date:	August 21, 2025			
11	Defendant(s).	Time:	10:00 a.m.			
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16	PLEASE READ THIS ORDER CAREFULLY. IT GOVERNS THIS CASE					
17	AND DIFFERS IN SOME RESPECTS FROM THE LOCAL RULES.					
18	This matter is set for a Scheduling Conference on the above date in					
19	Courtroom 8B of the First Street Courthouse, 350 West First Street, Los Angeles,					
20	CA 90012.1 If Plaintiff has not already served the operative complaint on all					
21	Defendants, Plaintiff shall do so promptly and shall file proofs of service within					
22	three (3) days thereafter. See FED. R. CIV. P. 4; Local Rule 4. Defendants shall					
23	also timely file and serve their responsive pleadings and file proofs of service					
24	within three (3) days thereafter, in compliance with the requirements of Local					
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26	<sup>1</sup> By default, all scheduling conferences shall proceed in-person, unless a request is made by the parties and granted by the Court. Requests to appear via Zoom must be e-filed by the Friday before the conference and must indicate that counsel has met and conferred per Local Rule 7-3.					
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Rule 5-3.2. At the Scheduling Conference, the Court will dismiss all remaining fictitiously named Defendants. The Court will also set a date by which motions to amend the pleadings or add parties must be heard.

The Scheduling Conference will be held pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b). The parties are reminded of their obligations under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) to confer on a discovery plan no later than twenty-one (21) days before the Scheduling Conference. The Court encourages counsel to agree to begin to conduct discovery actively *before* the Scheduling Conference. At the very least, the parties shall comply fully with the letter and spirit of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a) and thereby obtain and produce most of what would be produced in the early stages of discovery, because at the Scheduling Conference the Court will impose strict deadlines to complete discovery.

This Court does not exempt parties appearing pro se from compliance with any of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules, including Local Rule 16. *See* Local Rule 1-3, 83-2.2.3. "Counsel," as used in this Order, includes parties appearing pro se.

## I. Joint Rule 26(f) Report

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report **must be filed no later than seven (7) days** after the meeting of counsel and **fourteen (14) days** before the Scheduling Conference. The Court discourages the submission of courtesy chambers copies of Joint Rule 26(f) Reports that have been electronically filed.

The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall be drafted by Plaintiff or, if the parties otherwise agree, by Defendant's counsel. If the Plaintiff is appearing pro se, the Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall be drafted by Defendant's counsel unless Plaintiff prefers to do so. In all circumstances, the Joint Rule 26(f) Report must be signed jointly. "Jointly" means a single report, regardless of how many separately represented parties are involved in the case. The Joint Rule 26(f) Report shall specify the date of the Scheduling Conference on the caption page.

judgment.

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- **J. Status of Discovery:** A discussion of the present state of discovery, including a summary of completed discovery, and any current or anticipated disputes.
- **K. Discovery Plan:** A detailed discovery plan, as contemplated by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f). State what, if any, changes in the disclosures under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a) should be made, the subjects on which discovery may be needed, whether discovery should be conducted in phases or otherwise be limited, whether applicable limitations should be changed or other limitations imposed, and whether the Court should enter other orders. A statement that discovery will be conducted as to all claims and defenses or other vague description is not acceptable.
- **L. Expert Discovery:** Proposed dates for initial and rebuttal expert witness disclosures and expert discovery cut-off under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2).

## M. Settlement Conference / Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR"):

A statement of what settlement negotiations have occurred, excluding any statement of the terms discussed. If a Notice to Parties of Court-Directed ADR Program (Form ADR-08) was filed in this case, the Court will refer it to the magistrate judge, the Court Mediation Panel, or private mediation at the parties' expense. The parties must indicate their preference in their Joint Rule 26(f) Report.<sup>2</sup> No case will proceed to trial unless all parties, including an officer with full settlement authority for corporate parties, have appeared personally at an ADR proceeding.

**N. Trial Estimate:** A realistic estimate, in days, of the court time required for trial and whether trial will be by jury or by the Court. Each side

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Where the parties fail to select an ADR method, the Court will default select the Court Mediation Panel per Local Rule 16-15.3.

should specify by number, not by name, the number of witnesses it contemplates calling. If the time estimate for trial given in the Joint Rule 26(f) Report exceeds four (4) court days, counsel must be prepared to discuss in detail the basis for the estimate.

- **O. Trial Counsel:** The name(s) of the counsel who will try the case.
- **P.** Magistrate Judge: Whether the parties agree to try the case before a magistrate judge. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 and General Order 05-07 (also referred to as General Order 194), the parties may consent to have a magistrate judge preside over all proceedings, including jury trials. The parties may choose any magistrate judge identified on the Central District website.<sup>3</sup> The consent form may also be found on the Central District website.<sup>4</sup>
- Q. Independent Expert or Master: Whether the Court should consider appointing a master pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 53 or an independent scientific expert at the parties' expense. The appointment of a master may be especially appropriate in cases where the parties anticipate substantial discovery disputes, numerous claims to be construed in connection with a motion for summary judgment, a lengthy *Daubert* hearing, or a resolution of a difficult computation of damages.
- R. Schedule Worksheet: The parties must make every effort to agree on all pretrial and trial dates. The parties must submit a completed copy of the attached Schedule of Pretrial and Trial Dates Worksheet ("Worksheet") with their Joint Rule 26(f) Report. The entries in the "Time Computation" column reflect what the Court believes is appropriate for most cases and will allow the Court to rule on potentially dispositive motions sufficiently in advance of the Final

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A list of magistrate judges in the Central District Court of California can be found at <a href="https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/judges-schedules-procedures.">https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/judges-schedules-procedures.</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Statement of Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge (CV–11D) can be found at <a href="https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/forms/CV-011D/CV-11D.pdf">https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/forms/CV-011D/CV-11D.pdf</a>.

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Pretrial Conference. However, the parties may propose earlier dates by which the key requirements must be completed. Each date should be stated as month, day, and year (e.g., 2/10/2022). Hearings shall be on **Thursdays starting at 10:00 a.m.** Other deadlines not involving the Court may be scheduled any day of the week. The parties must avoid holidays. The Court may order different dates than those required. The discovery cut-off date is the last day by which all depositions must be completed, responses to previously served written discovery must be provided, and motions concerning discovery disputes must be heard, not filed. In other words, any motion challenging the adequacy of discovery responses must be filed timely, served, and calendared sufficiently in advance of the discovery cut-off date to permit the responses to be obtained before that date, if the motion is granted. If the parties wish the Court to set dates in addition to those on the Worksheet, they may so request by a separate stipulation and proposed order. Additional hearings are often appropriate for class actions, patent cases, and cases for benefits under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

If the parties agree on a date, the agreed-upon date should be put in the Plaintiff's column while the Defendant's column should be marked "Agree." If the parties disagree on a date, each party should put their proposed date in their respective column.

S. Class Actions: If the action is a putative class action, the parties are to use the Class Action Worksheet found on the Court's website and provide a proposed briefing schedule for the motion for class certification. The schedule must provide for at least twenty-one (21) days between the filing of the reply and the hearing and should include a discovery cut-off date in advance of the date for filing of the motion. The Court expects the parties to act diligently and begin discovery immediately, because the motion must be filed no later than one-hundred-twenty (120) days from the date originally set for the Scheduling

part and file (under seal if appropriate) a trade secret identification statement

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A party asserting a claim for trade secrets must both serve upon the opposing

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that includes: (1) a numbered list of each trade secret at issue, including a summary each trade secret, and specific elements that define each trade secret (and if appropriate, elements that distinguish the claimed trade secret from similar and more broadly known technologies); (2) the background of the trade secret and a description of how each secret has derived independent, actual or potential economic value by virtue of not being generally known to the public; and (3) a description of how each secret has been the subject of reasonable efforts to maintain its secrecy.

This identification statement shall be used throughout the litigation. For example, at summary judgment, either party may move for summary judgment as to any one of or combination of the individually identified trade secrets, and at trial, the jury may find that claims have been proven as to any one of or combination of the individually identified trade secrets. The trade secret identification may only be amended with leave of the Court (via either stipulation or motion). The identification must comply with the requirements of California law for trade secret identifications pursuant to Section 2019.210. *See, e.g., Advanced Modular Sputtering, Inc. v. Sup. Ct.*, 132 Cal. App. 4th 82, 836 (2005) (The plaintiff must identify the trade secrets with "sufficient particularity" to distinguish the trade secrets from "matters of general knowledge in the trade or of special knowledge of those persons skilled in the trade." (internal alterations omitted)).

The identification must be filed and served within 60 days from the the date of this order. Should the parties wish, they may agree to a later deadline, and should state as such in the 26(f) report. Discovery into trade secrets shall not commence until the identification has been served and filed, but the plaintiff may commence discovery on any other subject prior to the identification.

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## SCHEDULE OF PRETRIAL AND TRIAL DATES WORKSHEET

Please complete this worksheet jointly and file it with your Joint Rule 26(f) Report. The parties must make every effort to agree on dates or the court will set them.

Case No.	Case Name:			
Trial and Final Pretr	PI(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Def(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy		
Check one: ☐ Jury Trial or ☐ Be [Monday at 8:30 a.m. within 12-15 mont complexity] Estimated Duration: Days				
Final Pretrial Conference ("FPTC" [L.R. [Wednesday at 9:00 a.m. at least 19 day				
Note: Hearings shall be on Thurs Other dates can be any day	Time Computation <sup>3</sup>	PI(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	Def(s)' Date mm/dd/yyyy	
Last Date to <u>Hear</u> Motion to Amend Plea [Thursday]	6 weeks after scheduling conference			
Fact Discovery Cut-Off (no later than deadline for filing dispositi	24 weeks before FPTC			
Expert Disclosure (Initial)	23 weeks before FPTC			
Expert Disclosure (Rebuttal)	21 weeks before FPTC			
Expert Discovery Cut-Off	19 weeks before FPTC <sup>4</sup>			
Last Date to <u>Hear</u> Motions [Thursday]  Parties shall take note of the Court's k forth in the Civil Standing Order, found website	oriefing schedule as set d on Judge Frimpong's	12 weeks before FPTC		
Deadline to Complete Settlement Confe <u>Select one</u> : ☐ 1. Magistrate Judge (wi ☐ 2. Court Mediation Pan ☐ 3. Private Mediation	ith Court approval)	10 weeks before FPTC	Select deadline and settlement method	Select deadline and settlement method
Trial Filings (first round)  • Motions in Limine  • Memoranda of Contentions of Fact a  • Witness Lists [L.R. 16-5]  • Joint Exhibit List [L.R. 16-6.1]  • Joint Status Report Regarding Settle  • Proposed Findings of Fact and Condition (bench trial only)  • Declarations containing Direct Testir (bench trial only)	ement clusions of Law [L.R. 52]	4 weeks before FPTC		
Trial Filings (second round)  Oppositions to Motions in Limine Joint Proposed Final Pretrial Confere Joint Agreed Upon Proposed Jury In Disputed Proposed Jury Instructions Joint Proposed Verdict Forms (jury to Joint Proposed Statement of the Cas Proposed Voir Dire Questions, if any Evidentiary Objections to Declaration (bench trial only)	structions (jury trial only) (jury trial only) rial only) se (jury trial only) r (jury trial only)	2 weeks before FPTC		

The parties may choose to cut off expert discovery prior to the deadline to file a motion for summary judgment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The parties may seek dates for additional events by filing a separate stipulation and proposed order.
<sup>2</sup> By default, all hearings shall proceed in-person, unless a request is made by the parties and granted by the Court.
Requests to appear via Zoom must be e-filed by the Friday before the hearing and must indicate that counsel has met and conferred per Local Rule 7-3.

<sup>3</sup> The numbers below represent the court's recommended timeline. The parties may propose alternate dates based on the personal point in the parties of th

the needs of each individual case. But in every case, the last date to hear motions shall be no later than eight (8) weeks before the deadline for Trial Filings (First Round), and the deadline for Trial Filings (First Round) and Trial Filings (Second Round) must be no later than four (4) and two (2) weeks before the FPTC, respectively.

4 The parties may choose to cut off expert discovery prior to the deadline to file a mation for automatical trial for automatical trial for a mation for automatical trial for a mation for automat